

## MONTHLY AIR QUALITY REPORT FOR NOVEMBER 2003

### AOI COLOR SCALE

<b>GOOD</b>	<b>MODERATE</b>	<b>UNHEALTHY FOR SENSITIVE GROUPS</b>	<b>UNHEALTHY</b>
<b>0-50</b>	<b>51-100</b>	<b>101-150</b>	<b>151-200</b>

### Calendar of maximum AQI values & their corresponding color for November 2003\*

\*Preliminary data

#### SAMPLE POLLUTANT REPORTING BOX

<b>1</b> <b>(day of month)</b>	<b>O3</b>	<b>CO</b>
	<b>PM10</b>	<b>PM2.5</b>

	SUN	MON	TUES	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
							1 38 18 54 51
2	34 22 36 42	3 37 10 31 32	4 38 24 49 41	5 37 24 52 44	6 34 38 57 47	7 31 34 67 52	8 31 35 62 47
9	35 43 61 42	10 31 39 58 62	11 25 16 41 48	12 24 19 14 n/a	13 26 19 14 45	14 26 23 28 45	15 32 36 33 68
16	31 36 24 58	17 25 20 31 48	18 28 31 40 53	19 31 40 43 44	20 30 40 38 46	21 31 43 55 55	22 34 47 68 50
23	34 25 25 43	24 32 35 43 54	25 27 30 51 58	26 32 35 68 59	27 34 38 39 45	28 34 19 44 43	29 34 36 38 49
30	33 49 44 52						

#### Exceedance days during NOV2003-

Total= 0      Date      Max AQI      Pollutant      Site/s

#### Health Watches issued during NOV2003-

Total= 0      Date      Max AQI      Pollutant      Site/s

#### High Pollution Advisories issued during NOV2003-

Total= 0      Date      Max AQI      Pollutant      Site/s

<u>Concentration Recap:</u>	Days in the <b>Good</b> category:	14
	Days in the <b>Moderate</b> category:	16
	Days in the <b>Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups</b> category:	0
	Days in the <b>Unhealthy</b> category:	0
	Total Forecast Days:	30

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Narrative:

Overall good air quality was a common occurrence during November 2003. Ozone and carbon monoxide concentrations both stayed in the good range all month while PM-10 and/or PM-2.5 concentrations were in the moderate range about one day in two. Of interest were two episodes of vastly differing meteorological conditions during which elevated PM concentrations occurred. The “Valley Brown Cloud” made its appearance during the first episode under a stabilizing weather pattern. On the 3<sup>rd</sup> an upper level trough passage occurred followed by weak zonal flow and warming aloft on the 4<sup>th</sup> thru the 7<sup>th</sup>. Stagnation of the air mass increased and dispersion decreased as the following table illustrates:

<u>Day</u>	<u>Mix Height(ft)</u>	<u>Dispersion Rating</u>	<u>Max PM2.5 AQI</u>	<u>Max PM10 AQI</u>
11/3	9100	Excellent	32	31
11/4	7400	Fair	41	49
11/5	5900	Marginal	44	52
11/6	4700	Marginal	47	57
11/7	unknown	unknown	52	67

Under these conditions PM concentrations rose slowly; future similar situations will be scrutinized for pattern recognition and subsequent forecasting tool purposes.

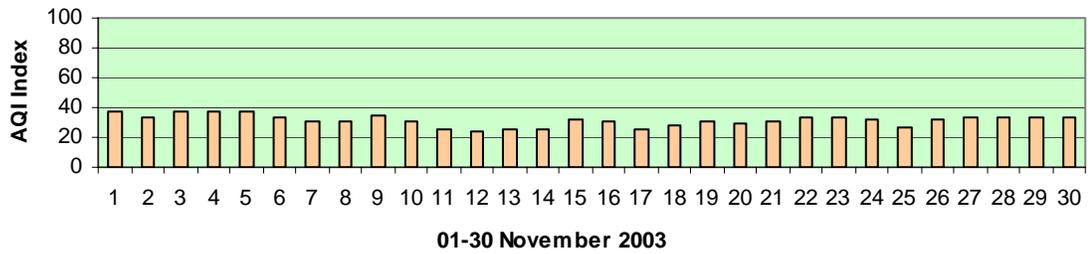
The second episode featured the rapid approach and passage of a strong upper level trough and surface cold front from the 21<sup>st</sup> thru the 23<sup>rd</sup>. Some relevant data for these days follows:

<u>Day</u>	<u>Peak Wind Gusts (mph)</u>	<u>Max PM2.5 AQI</u>	<u>Max PM10 AQI</u>
11/21	10-15	55	55
11/22	35-40 (wind advisory)	50	68
11/23	10-15	43	25

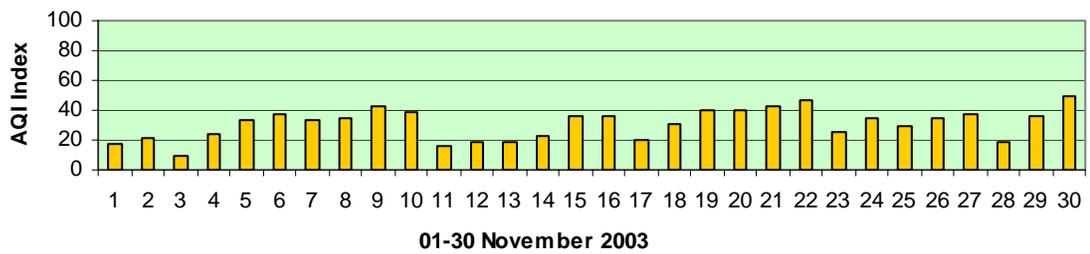
Under these conditions PM-10 concentrations rose rapidly due to local blowing dust and then fell drastically after the trough had passed and a new air mass was in place.

The very low PM-10 concentrations on the 12<sup>th</sup> and 13<sup>th</sup> were due to a significant rain event. The highest simultaneous concentrations of PM-10 and PM-2.5 occurred on the 26<sup>th</sup> when the strongest a.m. radiation inversion of the month formed. -Reith

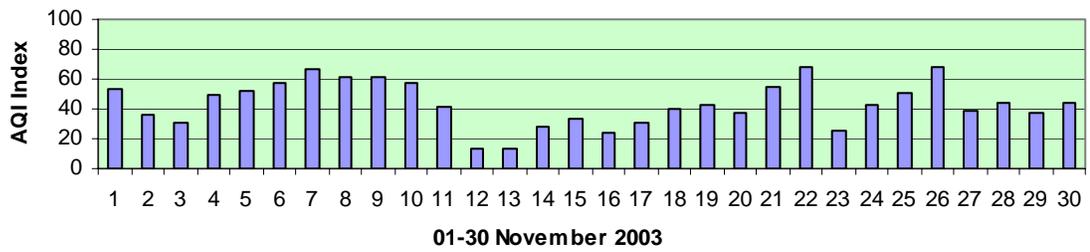
Daily Max 8-Hr Ozone



Daily Max Carbon Monoxide



Daily Max PM-10



Daily Max PM-2.5

